

TO THINK OWN SELF BE TRUE AND IT MUST FOLLOW AS THE NIGHT THE DAY, THOU CANST NOT THEN BE FALSE TO ANY MAN.

BY JAYNES, SHELOR, SMITH & STECK.

WALHALLA, SOUTH CAROLINA, JULY 25, 1900.

NEW SERIES, NO. 121.—VOLUME LI.—NO. 30.

Can't We Sell You a Hat?

EVERYTHING NEW IN MEN'S HATS---LIGHT DRIVING HATS, DRESS HATS, GOLF OR OUTING HATS, WITH FANCY BANDS, AS WELL AS A COMPLETE LINE OF STAPLE HATS, DIRECT FROM THE MANUFACTURER. COME IN AND INSPECT THE LINE RIGHT THROUGH!

Phone 47.

MCKINLEY AND ROOSEVELT

NOTIFIED OF THEIR NOMINATION--FORMER RAISES FREE SILVER ISSUE.

NATIONAL HONOR MUST BE UPHOLD.

Roosevelt Declares the Country is on the Brink of an Abyss--Prosperity the Battle Cry.

At Canton, Ohio, on July 12th, Senator Lodge in the presence of a vast multitude officially notified President McKinley that he was the unanimous choice of the Republican National Convention for President. The speech of Senator Lodge and the spouse of Mr. McKinley were intended to be more than formal and to a certain extent formed the basis upon which the campaign is to be fought this year. Their utterances were listened to with the closest attention by the many prominent Republicans who were present.

HANNA AND LODGE ARRIVE.

Chairman Hanna and the members of the notification committee, together with Chairman Hanna and members of the national committee arrived on a special train from Cleveland. They were met at the station by the citizens' committee in charge of the arrangements and with a band of music were escorted to the home of President McKinley. Several flags had been hung to the breeze in the early morning and the streets through which the procession moved had some indications of a celebration. The various organizations and clubs, as they arrived, marched to the President's home and were grouped about the place within seeing and hearing distance of the ceremonies.

CAMERA FIENDS THERE.

Some time before the arrival of the notification party President McKinley went into the garden and inspected and approved the arrangements. A large space in the front yard was filled with chairs for the notification party and distinguished guests. Tables were also provided for the press. Outside the roped space numerous photographic outfits were set up and trained on the point where the speaking was to take place.

Five minutes after 1 o'clock the booming of guns announced the arrival of the committee at the station. They immediately entered carriages and with the Canton escort, proceeded to the President's house. By the time they had arrived a large crowd had collected and they were received with cheers.

Senators Hanna and Lodge were in the lead of the party. Both entered the house and had a few minutes chat with the President and then returned to the porch. A few moments later the President, with Mrs. McKinley on his arm, came upon the porch. Their appearance was the signal for general cheering. A number of distinguished men occupied seats on the porch, among them being Senator Hanna, Postmaster General Smith, Cornelius N. Bliss, Henry C. Payne, Judge Day, R. C. Kerens, Representative Taylor. With Mrs. McKinley were Mrs. Barber, Mrs. Mary Saxton, Mrs. Judge Day and Mrs. Charles Daves.

Senator H. C. Lodge immediately mounted a small standing block and delivered his speech.

SENATOR LODGE SPEAKS.

Senator Lodge said:

"Mr. President, this committee, representing every State in the Union and the organized territories of the United States, was duly appointed to announce to you formally your nomination by the Republican National Convention, which met in Philadelphia on June 19 last, as the candidate of the Republican party for President of the United States for the term beginning March 4, 1901.

"To be selected by the Republican party as their candidate for this great office is always one of the highest honors which can be given to any man. This nomination, however, comes to you, sir, under circumstances which give it a higher significance and make it an even deeper

expression of honor and trust than usual. You were nominated unanimously at Philadelphia. You received the vote of every delegate, from every State and from every territory.

"The harmony of sentiment which appears on the fact of the record was, but the reflection of the deeper harmony which existed in the hearts and minds of the delegates. Without faction, without dissent, with profound satisfaction and eager enthusiasm you were nominated for the presidency by the united voice of the representatives of our great party, in which there is neither sign of division nor shadow of turning. Such unanimity, always remarkable, is here the more impressive, because it accompanies a second nomination to the great office which you have held for four years. Not the facile triumph of hope over experience, but the sober approval of conduct and character tested in many trials and tried by heavy and extraordinary responsibilities.

NEW AND MOMENTOUS QUESTIONS.

"With the exception of the period in which Washington organized the nation and built the state and of those other awful years when Lincoln led his people through the agony of civil war, and saved from destruction the work of Washington, there never has been a presidential term in our history so crowded with great events, so filled with new and momentous questions as that which is now drawing to an end. These declarations which were made in St. Louis in 1896, you, sir, united with the Republicans in Congress in the placing of the tariff and the establishment of the protective policy. You maintained our credit and upheld the gold standard, leading the party by your advice to the passage of the great measure which is to-day the great bulwark of both.

"You led again the policy which has made Hawaii a possession of the United States. On all other questions you fulfilled the hopes and justified the confidence of the people who four years ago put trust in your promises. But on all these questions, also you had as guides, not only your own principles, the well considered results of years of training and reflection, but also the plain declarations of the National Convention which nominated you in 1896.

"Far different was it when the Cuban question, which we had already promised to settle, brought on war and then peace, with Spain. Congress declared war, but you, as commander-in-chief, had to carry it on. You did so and history records unbroken victory in the first shot of the Nashville to the day when the protocol was signed. The peace you had to make alone. Cuba, Porto Rico, the Philippines, you had to assume alone the responsibility of taking them all from Spain. Alone and weighed with the terrible responsibility of the unchecked war powers of the constitution, you were obliged to govern these islands and to repress rebellion and disorder in the Philippines. No party creed defined the course you were to follow. Courage, foresight, comprehension of American interests, both now and in the uncharted future, faith in the American people and in their fitness for great tasks, were then your only guides and counselors.

MCKINLEY'S GREAT POLICY.

"Thus, you framed and put in operation this great new policy which has made us at once masters of the Antilles and a great Eastern power, holding firmly our possession on both sides of the Pacific.

"The new and strange ever excites fear and the courage and presence which accept them always arouse criticism and attack. Yet a great departure and a new policy were never more quickly justified than those undertaken by you. On the possession of the Philippines rest the admirable diplomacy which warned all nations that American trade was not to be shut out from China. It is to Manila that we owe the ability to

send troops and ships in this time of stress to the defense of our ministers, our missionaries, our consuls and our merchants in China, instead of being compelled to leave our citizens to the casual protection of other powers, as would have been unavoidable had we flung the Philippines away and withdrawn from the Orient.

"Rest assured, sir, that the vigorous measure which you have thus been enabled to take, and that all further measures in the same direction which you may take, for the protection of American lives and property will receive the hearty support of the people of the United States, who are now, as always, determined that the American citizen shall be protected at any cost in all his rights everywhere and at all times. It is to Manila, again, to our fleet in the bay and our army on land, that we shall owe the power, when these scenes of blood in China are closed, to exact reparation, to enforce stern justice, and to insist, in the final settlement, upon an open door to all that vast market for our fast growing commerce.

EVENTS MOVING WITH TERRIBLE RAPIDITY HAVE BEEN SWIFT WITNESSES TO THE WISDOM OF YOUR ACTION IN THE EAST. THE PHILADELPHIA CONVENTION HAS ADOPTED YOUR POLICY BOTH IN THE ANTILLES AND THE PHILIPPINES AND HAS MADE IT THEIR OWN AND THAT OF THE REPUBLICAN PARTY.

THIS CITY OF HARD TIMES.

"Your election, sir, next November, assures to us the continuance of

blessed our country in such abundance during the past four years.

"Thus announcing to you your nomination as the Republican candidate for the presidency we have the honor also to submit to you the declaration of principles made by the national convention, which we trust will receive your approval. We can assure you of the faithful and earnest support of the Republican party in every State and we beg you to believe that we discharge here to-day with feelings of the deepest personal gratification, this honorable duty imposed upon us by the convention."

MCKINLEY IS CHEERFUL.

The Senator's remarks were frequently interrupted with applause. When Senator Lodge closed President McKinley mounted the stand and the vast concourse of people cheered heartily. It was some moments before the President could proceed. He had a manuscript in his hands but referred to it only at intervals. When he mentioned the "new people under our care" there was a hearty burst of applause.

MR. MCKINLEY'S ACCEPTANCE.

"Senator Lodge and Gentlemen of the Notification Committee:

"The message which you bring to me is one of signal honor. It is also a summons to duty. A single nomination for the office of president by a great party which in thirty-two years out of forty has been triumphant at national elections, is a distinction which I gratefully cheerish. To receive unanimous renomination

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QUOTES HIS OLD WORDS.

"The party that supplied by legislation the vast revenues for the conduct of our greatest war; that promptly restored the credit of the country at its close; that from its abundant revenue repaid off a large share of the debt incurred by this war, and that resumed specie payments and placed our paper currency upon a sound and enduring basis, can be safely trusted to preserve both our credit and currency with honor, stability and individuality. The American people hold the financial honor of our government as sacred as our flag and can be relied on to guard it with the same sleepless vigilance. They hold its preservation above party fealty and have often demonstrated that party ties avail nothing when the spotless credit of our country is threatened.

"The dollar paid to the farmer, the wage-earner and the pensioner must continue forever equal in purchasing and debt-paying power to the dollar paid to any government creditor.

"Our industrial supremacy, our productive capacity, our business and commercial prosperity, our labor and its rewards, our national credit and currency, our proud financial honor and our splendid free citizenship, the birthright of every American, are all involved in the pending campaign, and thus every home in the land is directly and intimately connected with their proper settlement.

"Our domestic trade must be won back and our idle working people employed in gainful occupations at American wages. Our home market must be restored to its proud rank of first in the world, and our foreign trade, so precipitately cut off by adverse national legislation, reopened on fair and equitable terms for our surplus agricultural and manufacturing products.

"Public confidence must be re-

accomplished. The gold standard has been reaffirmed and strengthened. The endless chain has been broken and the drain upon our gold reserve no longer frets us.

"The credit of the country has been advanced to the highest place among all nations. We are refunding our bonded debt bearing three and four and five per cent, a lower rate than that of any other country and already more than \$300,000,000 have been so funded with a gain to the government of many millions of dollars. Instead of 16 to 1, for which our opponents contended four years ago, legislation has been enacted which, while utilizing all forms of our money, secures one fixed value for every dollar, and that the best known to the civilized world.

"A tariff which protects American labor and industry and provides ample revenues has been written in public law. We have lower interest and higher wages, more money and fewer mortgages. The world's markets have been opened to American products, which go now where they have never gone before.

"We have passed from a bond issuing to a bond paying nation; from a nation of borrowers to a nation of lenders; from a deficiency in the revenue to a surplus; from fear to confidence; from enforced idleness to profitable employment. The public faith has been upheld, public order has been maintained. We have prosperity at home and prestige abroad.

THREAT RENEWED.

"Unfortunately the threat of 1896 has just been renewed by the allied parties without abatement or modification. The gold bill has been denounced and its repeal demanded. The menace of 16 to 1, therefore, still hangs over us with all its dire consequences to credit and confidence, to business and industry. The enemies of sound currency are rallying their scattered forces. The people must once more unite and overcome the advocates of repudiation, and must not relax their energy until the battle for public honor and honest money shall again triumph.

"This purpose has been fully accomplished by annexation, and delegates from those beautiful islands participated in the convention for which you speak to-day. In the great conference of nations at The Hague we reaffirmed before the world the Monroe doctrine and our adherence to it and our determination not to participate in the complications of Europe. We have happily ended the European alliance in Samoa, securing to ourselves one of the most valuable harbors in the Pacific ocean, while the open door in China gives to us fair and equal competition in the vast trade of the Orient. Some things have happened which were not promised, nor even foreseen, and our purposes in relation to them must not be left in doubt. A just war has been waged for humanity and with it has come new problems and responsibilities. Spain has been ejected from the western hemisphere, and our flag floats over her former territory. Cuba has been liberated and our guarantee to her people will be sacredly executed. A beneficent government has been provided for Porto Rico.

"The Philippines are ours and American authority must be supreme throughout the archipelago. There will be amnesty, broad and liberal, but no abatement of our rights, no abandonment of our duty. There must be no scuttle policy. We will fulfill in the Philippines the obligations imposed by the triumphs of our arms and by the treaty of peace; by international law; by the nation's sense of honor; and more than all, by the rights, interests and conditions of the Filipino people themselves.

"No outside interference blocks the way to peace and a stable government. The obstructionists are here, not elsewhere. They may postpone, but they cannot defeat the realization of the high purpose of this nation to restore order to the island and to establish a just and generous government, in which the inhabitants shall have the largest participation for which they are capable. The organized forces which have been misled into rebellion have been dispersed by our faithful soldiers and sailors and the people of the island delivered from anarchy, pillage and oppression, recognize American sovereignty as the symbol and pledge of peace, justice, law, religious freedom, education, the security of life and property, and the welfare and prosperity of their several communities. We reassert the early principle of the Republican party, sustained by unbroken judicial precedents, that the representatives of the people in Congress assembled have full legislative power over territory belonging to the United States subject to the fundamental safeguards of liberty, justice and personal rights, and are vested with ample authority to act for the highest interests of our nation and the people entrusted to its care."

"This doctrine, first proclaimed in the cause of freedom, will never be used as a weapon for oppression. I am glad to be assured by you that what we have done in the far East has the approval of the country.

"The sudden and terrible crisis in China calls for the gravest consideration and you will not expect from me now any further expression than to say that my best efforts shall be given to the immediate purpose of protecting the lives of our citizens who are in peril, with the ultimate object of the protection and welfare of China, the safeguarding of all our treaty rights and the maintenance of those principles of imperial intercourse to which the civilized world is pledged.

"I can not conclude congratulating my countrymen upon the strong national sentiment which finds expression in every part of our common country and the increased respect with which the Americanism is greeted throughout the world.

"The Hawaiian islands should be controlled by the United States, and no foreign power should be permitted to interfere with them."

QUOTES FROM PLATFORM.

"Our platform in 1896 declared:

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We have been moving in untried paths, but our steps have been guided by honor and duty. There will be no turning aside, no wavering, no retreat. No blow has been struck except for liberty and humanity and none will be. We will perform without fear every national and international obligation. The Republican party was dedicated to freedom forty-four years ago. It has been the party of liberty and emancipation from that hour; not of profession, but of performance.

"It broke the shackles of four million slaves and made them free, and to the party of Lincoln has come another supreme opportunity which it has bravely met in the liberation of 10,000,000 of the human family from the yoke of imperialism.

"In its solution of great problems, in its performances of its high duties, it has had the support of all parties in the past and confidently invokes their co-operation in the future. Permit me to express, Mr. Chairman, my most sincere appreciation of the complimentary terms in which you convey the official notice of my thanks to the members of the committee and to the great constituency which they represent for this additional evidence of their favor and support."

FAIRBANKS PLEDGES INDIANA.

The audience appreciated the deft turn which Mr. McKinley gave to imperialism and cheered most heartily. When the president closed there was loud calls for Hanna, but Colonel Grant, chairman of the local committee, introduced Senator Fairbanks, of Indiana, who in a brief address declared McKinley would be re-elected and pledged the vote of Indiana for McKinley. In response to renewed calls for Hanna the national chairman appeared and said the Republican party of Ohio and the United States expected every man to do his duty and do it earnestly. Hanna caused a laugh when he said the Republican party at Philadelphia had done its duty and "McKinley had concluded to accept" and "the party must do the rest."

Mr. Hanna was followed by Chas. Emory Smith, postmaster general, who said it was evident that this gathering was entirely satisfied with their candidate and their national chairman. He went on to say that four years ago the battle lines were drawn as they were to-day. He spoke sarcastically of the Kansas City platform, charging it with being full of inconsistencies. He concluded with a high tribute to President McKinley.

LODGE GETS SARCASTIC.

Senator Lodge was recalled and paid a glowing tribute to President McKinley, saying he resented unjust criticism of the President during a trying time when he was doing his full duty. He referred to Bryan as the nominee of "mixed tickets," and said there was no possibility of Bryan forming a cabinet and named the leaders of the several conventions as material from which selections would have to be made.

Col. Samuel Parker, of Hawaii, explained how politics was run in the Pacific islands. He said he was not a speaker, but a rancher or a cow boy. He supposed one reason Roosevelt was popular was because he was a cow boy. This was the first mention of Roosevelt's name and it created applause. He said they had a Democratic party in Hawaii, also an ice trust. They were glad to be admitted as a State. He had some colleagues who wanted to come back here when the Senators were elected. He said he had heard a great deal about imperialism, but when he came to Canton yesterday he was admitted without waiting. He was a cabinet officer of the late Queen Liliuokalani and one would have to wait a week to see her. He was glad that kind of imperialism was over in Hawaii. This closed the speech-making and the notification party went to the luncheon.

Question Answered.

Yes, August Flower still has the largest sale of any medicine in the civilized world. You mothers and grandmothers never thought of using anything else for indigestion and biliousness. Doctors were scarce, and they seldom heard of appendicitis, nervous prostration, heart failure, etc. They used August Flower to clean out the system and stop fermentation of undigested food, regulate the action of the bowels, stimulate the nervous and organic action of the system, and that is all they took when feeling dull and had with headaches and other aches. You only need a few doses of Green's August Flower, in liquid form, to make you satisfied there is nothing serious the matter with you. For sale by J. H. Dwyer, Druggist.

It has been demonstrated by experience that consumption can be prevented by the early use of One Minute Cough Cure. This is the favorite remedy for coughs, colds, croup, asthma, grippe and all throat and lung troubles. Cures quickly.

J. W. BELL.

C. W. BAUKNIGHT.

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CLOSING OUT SALE!

We are determined to close out our entire stock of Summer Goods, and, in order to do so, have marked them all down to prices that will make them go for cash.

8 to 12-cent PERCALES at 5 1/2 to 8 cents. 10-cent LAWNS at 7 cents. 10-cent MADRAS at 7 cents.

All Organdies, Dimities, Figured Lawns, and all light Summer Goods at cost. Anything in Embroidery and Lace at cost.

Straw Hats Almost Given Away!

Ladies' and Children's Oxford Ties and Sandals

At prices that are sure to move them. These and many other goods we have determined to sell for cash at a sacrifice rather than carry them over until next season. We mean business, and it will pay you to come at once and get what you want while you have a good stock to select from.

Respectfully, CARTER & CO.

that policy abroad and in our new possessions. To entrust these difficult and vital questions to other hands, at once incompetent and hostile, would be disastrous and a still more unrelieved disaster to our posterity. Your election means not only protection to our industries, but the maintenance of a sound currency and of the gold standard, the very cornerstones of our economic and financial welfare. Should these be shaken as they would be by the success of our opponents, the whole fabric of our business confidence and prosperity would fall into ruin. Your defeat would be the advance of free trade for the anarchy of a debased and unstable currency, for business panic, depression and hard times and for the reek of our foreign policy.

"Your election and the triumph of the Republican party, which we believe to be as sure as the coming of the day, will make certain the steady protection of our industries, sound money and a vigorous intelligent foreign policy. They will continue those conditions of good government and wise legislation so essential to the prosperity and well being, which have

by the same party is an expression of regard and a pledge of continued confidence for which it is difficult to make adequate acknowledgment. If anything exceeds the honor of the office of President of the United States it is the responsibility which attaches to it. Having been invested with both, I do not under appraise either. Any one who has borne the anxieties and burdens of the presidential office, especially in time of national trial, cannot contemplate assuming it a second time without profoundly realizing the severe exactions and the solemn obligations which it imposes and this feeling is accentuated by the momentous problems which now press for settlement. If my countrymen shall confirm the action of the convention at our national election in November I shall, craving divine guidance, undertake the exalted trust, to administer it for the interest and honor of the country and the well-being of the new people who have become the objects of our care. The declaration of principles adopted by the convention has my hearty approval. At some future date I will consider its

stored and the skill, energy and the capital of our country find ample employment at home. The government of the United States must raise money enough to meet both its current expenses and increasing needs. Its revenue should be so raised as to protect the material interests of our people with the slightest possible drain upon their resources and maintaining that high standard of civilization which has distinguished our country for more than a century of its existence.

"The national credit, which has thus far fortunately resisted every assault upon it, must and will be upheld and strengthened. If sufficient revenues are provided for a support of the government there will be no necessity for borrowing money and increasing the public debt."

ENDLESS CHAIN BROKEN.

"Three and one-half years of legislation and administration have been concluded since these words were spoken. Have those to whom was confided the direction of the government kept their pledges? The record is made up. The people are not unfamiliar with what has been

"A Congress which will sustain and, if need be strengthen the present law, can prevent a financial catastrophe which every lover of the Republic is interested to avert.

"Not satisfied with assuiling the currency and credit of the government, our political adversaries condemn the tariff law enacted at the extra session of Congress in 1897, known as the Dingley Act, passed in obedience to the will of the people expressed at the election in the preceding November, a law which at once stimulated our industries, opened the idle factories and mines and gave to the laborer and to the farmer fair return for their toil and investment. Shall we go back to a tariff which brings deficiency in our revenues and destruction to our industrial enterprises? Faithful to its pledges in these internal affairs, how has the government discharged its internal duties?

QUOTES FROM PLATFORM.

"Our platform in 1896 declared:

"The Hawaiian islands should be controlled by the United States, and no foreign power should be permitted to interfere with them."

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